



Unified Response Strategy

Sphere India

Unified Response Strategy Analysis 2 14th January 2012

Analysis of Gaps in Immediate Response

From assessment through various sources, response matrix (attached) and mapping of both (attached), the following analysis and gap have been identified:

- i. Gaps in assessment specially for Nagapattinam, Puducherry, Villupuram, and Kancheepuram
- ii. Joint sectoral assessment not being conducted and not all assessment are being circulated at district, state or national level.
- iii. The damage in livestock in Villupurum is maximum, however nothing has come up from the Government and NGOs.
- iv. A proper plan for cash for work base on the need and in conjunction with the government announcement that Farm labourers would be paid wages under the MNREGA and this would cover farmers who take up works in their own land also.
- v. There seems to be enough response in Cuddalore as compare to other districts such as Villupuram, where there is immediate need for reconstruction of Shelter. (Kindly refer the attached maps).
- vi. Even though agencies are responding, damage and need assessment of some blocks in severely affected Cuddalore district needs to be shared.
- vii. The detailed damage and need assessment of Puducherry is required.

A quick analysis from the collation of assessment done so far (attached or shared earlier) and what's emerging from various sources:

Impact

It is more than two week, but power supply has not yet been resumed in the most areas affected by the cyclone. Although the loss of human lives is less compared to the Tsunami in 2004, the damage caused is extensive on agriculture, livestock and fisheries, affecting the survival and coping capacity of small and medium scale farmers. Although the Government has provided immediate relief and has announced intermediate livelihood support to the affected persons, a lot more needs to be done for complete recovery and rehabilitation of the affected families and restoration of infrastructure damaged by the cyclone.

Damage Analysis:

District	Shelter	Trees Uprooted	Crop Loss	Livestock Loss	Human loss	Infrastructure	Fishing Boats
Cuddalore	3,49,217	60,000	202972 Hect. (agriculture, horticulture, floriculture)	343	40	300 Km rural roads	369
Puducherry	45,000 huts and 5,000 tiled houses	100,000	110000 Hect.	200	9	150 KM Rural Roads	300
Villupurum	66543		32065	8692			
Nagapattinam	10,500 hut	3,000	102,000 hectors	525	1	180 KM Rural Roads	300
Thiruvavarur			146,741 hectors		1	120 KM Rural Roads	

(Source: CASA and Government damage assessment report)

Government Response

Central government has announced interim relief of Rs 500 crore and Rs 125 crore for cyclone affected areas of Tamil Nadu and Puducherry respectively.

Sl.No	Entitlement	Tamil Nadu	Puducherry
1.	Compensation to kin for Loss of Life	Rs. 2 Lakhs	Awaiting final announcement*
2.	Shelter	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Fully Damaged House- Rs. 5, 000 Partially damaged house- Rs. 2, 500 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Fully damaged houses-Rs. 15, 000

			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Partially damaged houses –Rs. 10, 000 Damaged huts- Rs 10,000
3.	Compensation for Damage to Boats:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Fully damaged from traditional Fishing Boat- Rs. 32, 000 Partially Damaged traditional Fishing Boat- Rs. 10, 000 Fully Damaged Fibre Boat- Rs. 5 lakh Partially Damaged Fibre Boat- Rs. 75, 000 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Fully damaged mechanised wood and steel boats- Rs 5.5 lakh Partially damaged mechanised wood and steel boats boats Rs 4.5 lakh Fully damaged FRP mechanised boats- Rs 2.5 lakh Partially damaged mechanised FRP boats- Rs 2 lakh For those who lost FRP motorised boats - Rs 2 lakh For those who lost non-mechanised FRP boats and catamarans- Rs 33,000
4.	Damage to crops per hectare	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Rs. 7, 500 to Rs. 10, 000 (In total 210 crores set aside) Farmers in Cuddalore to get saplings of coconut, cashew and jackfruit would be given without any cost and the government would bear the maintenance cost for a year, she said. Farm labourers would be paid wages under the MNREGA and this would cover farmers who take up works in their own land also 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Rs 20,000 for paddy Rs 15,000 for groundnuts, pulses, tapioca, cashew, cereals and flower varieties, Rs 30,000 for sugarcane, Rs 35,000 for banana, Rs 50,000 for betel vine Rs 800 for a coconut tree.
5.	Compensation for loss of livestock		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Rs 20,000 for lost cows, Rs 5,000 for calves, Rs 2,000 for goats, Rs 100 for chicken, Rs 500 for turkey Rs 25 for Japanese bird. Rs 4,000 for damage to cattle sheds

6.	Interim Livelihood support		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Rs 1,800 would be provided as cyclone relief to 30,265 people belonging to fishing community(for loss of working days) Rs 2,000 aid to all ration card holders.
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Identified Needs

Some of the unmet needs are given below

Shelter: Immediate Tarpaulin/ Plastic Sheet, long term assistance in repairing and reconstruction of building/houses.

Livelihoods: Immediate cash for work, long term support to the small, medium scale farmers and fishermen.

Water: Immediate need for safe Drinking water

Education: Immediate Education Kit.

Important Contacts:

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